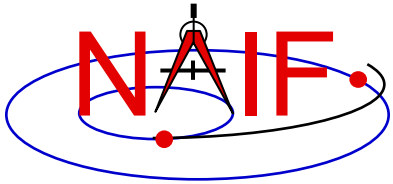


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Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

# **“Icy” The IDL<sup>©</sup> Interface to CSPICE**

**April 2023**

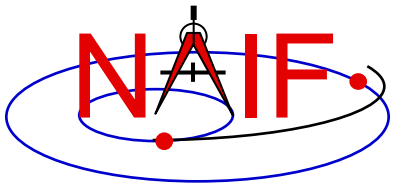


# Topics

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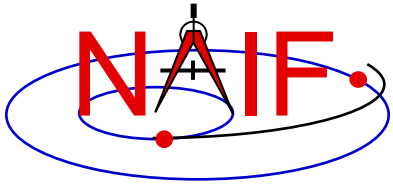
- **Icy Benefits**
- **How does it work?**
- **Distribution**
- **Icy Operation**
- **Vectorization**
- **Simple Icy Example**



# Icy Benefits

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- **Ease of use:** Icy operates as an extension to the IDL language regime.
- **Icy supports more than four-hundred CSPICE routines.**
- **Icy calls usually correspond to the call format of the underlying CSPICE routine, returning IDL native data types.**
- **Icy has some capability not available in CSPICE such as vectorization.**
- **CSPICE error messages return to IDL in a form usable by the *catch* error handler construct.**

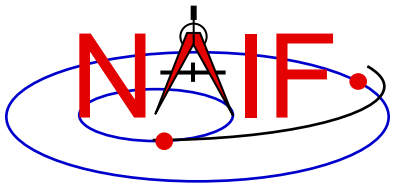


# How Does It Work? (1)

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- **The IDL environment includes an intrinsic capability to use external routines.**
  - **Icy functions as an IDL Dynamically Loadable Module (DLM). A DLM consists of a shared object library (icy.so/.dll) and a DLM text definition file (icy.dlm).**
    - » **The shared library contains a set of IDL callable C interface routines that wrap a subset of CSPICE wrapper calls.**
    - » **The text definition file lists the routines within the shared library and the format for the routine's call parameters.**

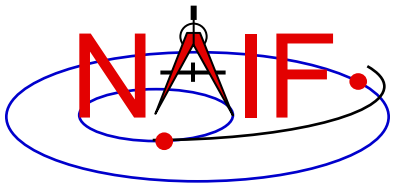


# How Does It Work? (2)

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- Using Icy from IDL requires you register the Icy DLM with IDL to access the interface routines. Several means exist to do so.
  - On Unix/Linux, start IDL from the directory containing icy.dlm and icy.so
  - From the IDL interpreter (or from a command script), execute the **dml\_register** command: IDL> dml\_register, '[\\_path\\_to\\_directory\\_containing\\_icy.dlm](#)'
    - » Examples (Unix and Windows):
      - » IDL> dml\_register, '/naif/icy/lib/icy.dlm'
      - » IDL> dml\_register, 'c:\naif\icy\lib\icy.dlm'
  - Copy icy.dlm and icy.so or icy.dll to IDL's binary directory:  
{The IDL install directory}/bin/bin.[user\\_architecture](#)
    - » Examples (Unix and Windows):
      - » cp icy.dlm icy.so /Applications/exelis/idl/bin/bin.darwin.x86\_64/
      - » cp icy.dlm icy.dll C:\Program Files\Exelis\idl83\bin\bin.x86\_64\
  - Append to the IDL\_DLM\_PATH environment variable the directory name containing icy.dlm and icy.so or icy.dll:  
setenv IDL\_DLM\_PATH "<IDL\_DEFAULT>: [\\_path\\_to\\_directory\\_containing\\_icy.dlm](#)"

**Warning:** with regards to the Icy source directory, *icy/src/icy*, do not invoke IDL from the directory, do not register the directory, and do not append IDL\_DLM\_PATH to the directory. This directory contains an “icy.dlm” but no “icy.so.”



# How Does It Work? (3)

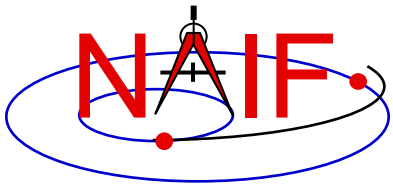
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**When a user invokes a call to a DLM routine:**

- 1. IDL calls...**
- 2. the interface routine in the shared object library, linked against...**
- 3. CSPICE, which performs its function and returns the result...**
- 4. to IDL...**

**... transparent from the user's perspective.**

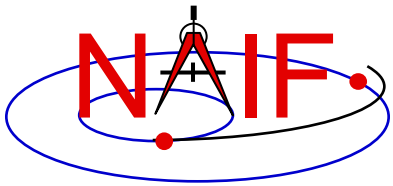


# Icy Distribution

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- **NAIF distributes the Icy package as an independent product analogous to SPICELIB and CSPICE.**
- **The package includes:**
  - the CSPICE source files
  - the Icy interface source code
  - platform specific build scripts for Icy and CSPICE
  - IDL versions of the SPICE cookbook programs, *states*, *tictoc*, *subpt*, and *simple*
  - an HTML based help system for both Icy and CSPICE, with the Icy help cross-linked to CSPICE
  - the Icy shared library and DLM file. The system is ready for use after installation of these files
- **You do not need a C compiler to use Icy.**



# Icy Operation (1)

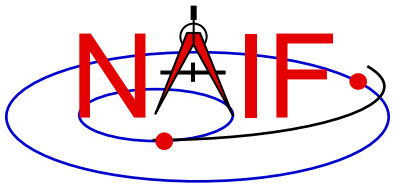
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- **A user may occasionally encounter an IDL math exception:**

```
% Program caused arithmetic error: Floating underflow
```

- This warning occurs most often as a consequence of **CSPICE** math operations.
- **In all known cases, the SIGFPE exceptions caused by CSPICE can be ignored. CSPICE assumes numeric underflow as zero.**
  - **A user can adjust IDL's response to math exceptions by setting the !EXCEPT variable:**
    - » **!EXCEPT = 0 suppresses the SIGFPE messages, and even more (e.g. a fatal error).**
    - » **!EXCEPT = 1, the default, reports math exceptions on return to the interactive prompt.**
      - **NAIF recommends this be used.**
    - » **!EXCEPT = 2 reports exceptions immediately after executing the command.**

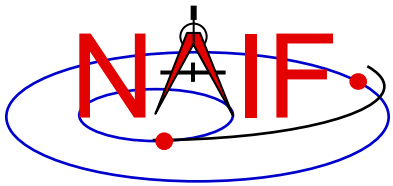




# Icy Operation (2)

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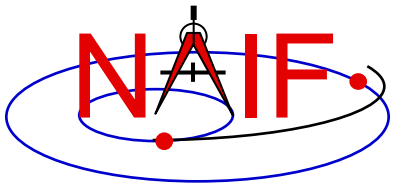
- **A possible irritant exists in loading kernels using the `cspice_furnsh` function.**
  - **Kernels are loaded into your IDL session, not into your IDL scripts. This means:**
    - » loaded binary kernels remain accessible (“active”) throughout your IDL session
    - » data from loaded text kernels remain in the kernel pool (in the IDL memory space) throughout your IDL session
  - **Consequence: some kernel data may be available to one of your scripts even though not intended to be so.**
    - » You could get **incorrect results!**
    - » If you run only one script during your IDL session, there’s no problem.



# Icy Operation (3)

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- **Mitigation: two approaches**
  - **Load all needed SPICE kernels for your IDL session at the beginning of the session, paying careful attention to the files loaded and the loading order (loading order affects precedence)**
    - » **Convince yourself that this approach will provide ALL of the scripts you will run during this IDL session with the appropriate SPICE data**
  - **At or near the end of every IDL script:**
    - » **include a call to `cspice_unload` for each kernel loaded using `cspice_furnsh`**
    - » **or include a call to `cspice_kclear` to remove ALL kernel data from the kernel pool loaded using `cspice_furnsh`**



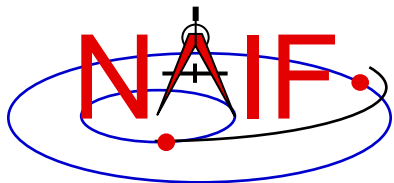
# Icy Vectorization (1)

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- **Several common Icy functions include use of vectorized arguments, a capability not available in C or FORTRAN toolkits.**
  - **Note: IDL indexes arrays using a base value of zero as opposed to FORTRAN, which uses a base value of one.**
    - » **Example: access the first element of an IDL 1xN array using array[0], the second element using array[1], etc.**
- **Example: use Icy to retrieve state vectors and light-time values for 1000 ephemeris times.**
  - **Create an array of 1000 ephemeris times with step size of 10 hours, starting from July 1, 2005.**

```
cspice_str2et, 'July 1, 2005', start  
et = dindgen( 1000 )*36000.d + start
```

[continued on next page](#)



# Icy Vectorization (2)

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- Retrieve the state vectors and corresponding light times from Mars to earth at each  $et$ , in the J2000 frame, using LT+S aberration correction:

```
cspice_spkezr, 'Earth', et, 'J2000', 'LT+S', 'MARS', state, ltime
```

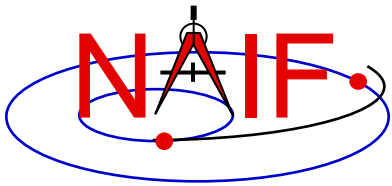
- Access the *ith* state 6-vector corresponding to the *ith* ephemeris time with the expression

```
state_i = state[:,i]
```

- Convert the ephemeris time vector  $et$  from the previous example to UTC calendar strings with three decimal places accuracy.

```
format = 'C'  
prec   = 3  
cspice_et2utc, et, format, prec, utcstr
```

continued on next page



# Icy Vectorization (3)

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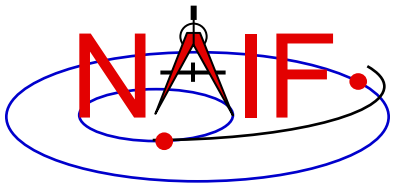
- The call returns `utcstr`, an array of 1000 strings each *ith* string the calendar date corresponding to `et[i]`. Access the *ith* string of `utcstr` corresponding to the *ith* ephemeris time with the expression

```
utcstr_i = utcstr[i]
```

- Convert the position components of the N state vectors to latitudinal coordinates (the first three components of a state vector - IDL uses a zero based vector index).

```
cspice_reclat, state[0:2,*], radius, latitude, longitude
```

- The call returns three double precision variables of type **Array[1000] (vectorized scalars)**: `radius`, `latitude`, `longitude`.



# Simple Icy Example

## Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

- **As an example of using Icy with vectorization, calculate and plot, in the J2000 inertial frame, the trajectory of the Cassini spacecraft from June 20 2004 to December 1 2005.**

```
;; Construct a meta kernel, "standard.tm", which will be used to load the needed  
;; generic kernels: "naif0011.tls", "de421.bsp", and "pck00010.tpc".
```

```
;; Load the generic kernels using the meta kernel, and a Cassini spk.
```

```
cspice_furnsh, ['standard.tm', '/kernels/cassini/spk/030201AP SK SM546 T45.bsp' ]
```

```
;; Define the number of divisions of the time interval and the time interval.
```

```
STEP = 10000
```

```
cspice_str2et, [ 'Jun 20, 2004', 'Dec 1, 2005' ] , et
```

```
times = dindgen(STEP)*(et[1]-et[0])/STEP + et[0]
```

```
cspice_spkpos, 'Cassini', times, 'J2000', 'NONE', 'SATURN BARYCENTER', pos, ltime
```

```
;; Plot the resulting trajectory.
```

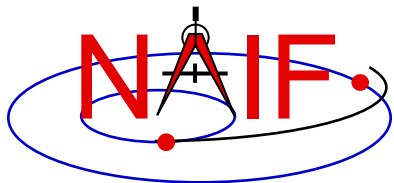
```
x = pos[0,*]
```

```
y = pos[1,*]
```

```
z = pos[2,*]
```

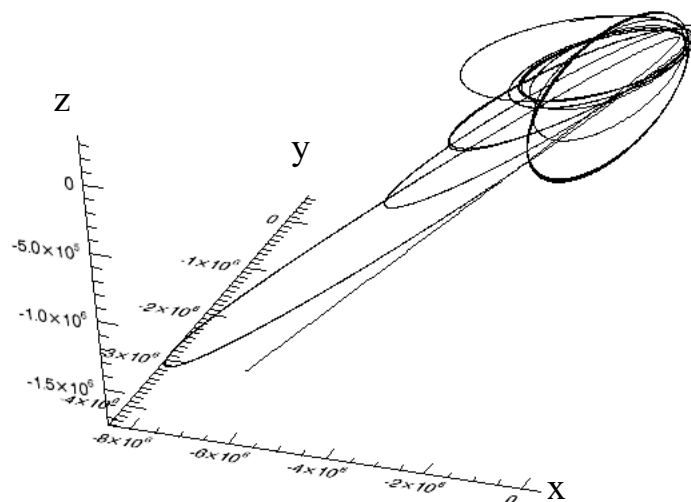
```
iplot, x, y, z
```

```
cspice_kclear
```



# Icy Example Graphic Output

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Trajectory of the Cassini spacecraft, in the J2000 frame, from June 20 2004 to Dec 1 2005